Springbank Primary School



Character Education Values

Courtesy-Forgiveness-Determination-Self-Discipline-Gratitude-Honesty

Our whole school vision is:

Springbank Primary is a place where <u>all</u> of our children and staff will have the opportunity to <u>excel</u>. Everyone will be safe, happy and cared for. Our curriculum and values will <u>inspire</u> everyone in the school family to be motivated and curious learners and offer core skills, knowledge and enrichment to enable <u>all</u> to gain the foundations for a quality future and a love for life-long learning.

In all we do we remember our school motto:

Caring-Happy-Healthy-Sporty-Scientific

School Values

Sportsmanship-Tolerance- Appreciation- Respect-Friendship-Integrity-Sensitivity-Helpfulness

GDPR - Privacy Notice Procedure

2020



Policy Lead: Julie Vaccari



Link Governor: Dawn Wigley

Personnel Committee

Springbank Primary School is committed to equal opportunities for all. It is our aim that every policy is written to have a positive impact on every child/all children irrespective of race; religion; gender; sexual orientation or age.

Springbank = success for all

There is a key that unlocks every child's learning, our job is to find that key.

Every staff member and governor must take the responsibility and accountability to ensure the procedures within this policy are delivered and implemented as per Springbank School Policy.

Privacy Notice Procedure

Title	Privacy Notice Procedure	
Author/Owner	Julie Vaccari	
Status	Draft	
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1. Introduction

2. Policy References

- 2.1. This procedure is a requirement of the following policies:
 - Data Protection Policy

3. Privacy Notices

- 3.1. Where personal data is being obtained for us to process, whether from the Data Subject or a third party, then a Privacy Notice must be made available to provide assurance to the Data Subject over the legitimacy of the processing and what will be involved.
- 3.2. The law requires Notices to be concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible by the Data Subject. It should be written in clear and plain language, particularly if addressed to a child.
- 3.3. There must be no charge made to a Data Subject in order for them to be given access to a Notice
- 3.4. The details that a Notice must contain are as follows:
 - 3.4.1. The Identity and contact details of the Data Controller, any Data Processors (if applicable) and the name of the responsible Data Protection Officer
 - 3.4.2. The purpose of processing and the legal basis supporting the processing
 - 3.4.3. (Where applicable) The legitimate Interests of the Data Controller or 3rd Party
 - 3.4.4. Any third party recipient (or categories of recipients) of the data
 - 3.4.5. Any transfers to 3rd countries (i.e. outside the European Economic Area) and details of the adequate safeguards in place to secure the data and the Data Subject's rights.
 - 3.4.6. The retention period (or the criteria to be used to determine one) at the end of which it will no longer be necessary to process the data.
 - 3.4.7. Which of the Data Subject's rights will be applicable to the processing (or confirm that all rights are applicable)

- 3.4.8. (If consent is being relied upon) Advise the Data Subject of their right to withdraw consent at any time
- 3.4.9. Advise the Data Subject of their right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioner's Office if they have concerns over the processing
- 3.4.10. Make the Data Subject aware of any automated decision making/ profiling being undertaken as a part of the processing and information about:
 - How decisions based on the data are made,
 - The significance and consequences of the decisions.
- 3.4.11. (Where data is obtained directly from the Data Subject):
 - The specific statutory/ contractual requirement/ obligation
 - The consequences of not providing personal data
- 3.4.12. (Where data is not obtained directly from the data subject)
 - Where the data is coming from and whether this is from publicly accessible sources
 - The categories of personal data
- 3.5. The Notice must be available to the Data Subject:

Criteria		Action
if the data is being obtained directly from the Data Subject		At the time data is obtained
	(no additional criteria)	Within a reasonable period of having obtained the data (within one month)
if the data is not being obtained directly from the	AND if data is to be used to communicate with the Data Subject	At the latest, when the first communication takes place
Data Subject	AND is to be disclosed to a third party	At the latest, before the data is disclosed.

4. Advice and Support

4.1. If you have any issues over the clarity of these procedures, how they should be applied in practice, require advice about exemptions from the requirements or have any suggestions for amendments, please contact DPO Miss Sara Dunn. Email: <u>DPO@springbank.notts.sch.uk</u> Telephone: 01773 762277.

5. Breach Statement

5.1. A breach of this procedure is a breach of Information Policy. Breaches will be investigated and may result in disciplinary action. Serious breaches of Policy may be considered gross misconduct and result in dismissal without notice, or legal action being taken against you.

Annex A: ICO Privacy Notice Checklist

What information must be supplied?	Data obtained directly from data subject	Data not obtained directly from data subject
Identity and contact details of the controller and where applicable, the controller's representative) and the data protection officer		
Purpose of the processing and the legal basis for the processing		
The legitimate interests of the controller or third party, where applicable		
Categories of personal data		
Any recipient or categories of recipients of the personal data		
Details of transfers to third country and safeguards		
Retention period or criteria used to determine the retention period		
The existence of each of data subject's rights		
The right to withdraw consent at any time, where relevant		

The right to lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority		
The source the personal data originates from and whether it came from publicly accessible sources		
Whether the provision of personal data part of a statutory or contractual requirement or obligation and possible consequences of failing to provide the personal data		
The existence of automated decision making, including profiling and information about how decisions are made, the significance and the consequences.		
When should information be provided?	At the time the data are obtained.	Within a reasonable period of having obtained the data (within one month)
		If the data are used to communicate with the individual, at the latest, when the first communication takes place; or
		If disclosure to another recipient is envisaged, at the latest, before the data are disclosed.